page 1 of 6

Table 1. Summary of efficacy and safety of SARS-CoV-2 vaccines

| | Vaccine 1 Sinovac ¹⁻³ | Vaccine 2 Moderna ⁴ | Vaccine 3 Pfizer ⁵ | Vaccine 4 Astra/Oxford ⁶ |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| Reviewers | RI, GF, TA | AT, TS, PS, AI | SS, PJ, KT | CC, SO, PW |
| Vaccine | CoronaVac | mRNA-1273 | BNT162b2 mRNA Covid-19 | ChAdOx1 nCoV-19 |
| Technique | Inactivated virus | mRNA | mRNA | Viral vector |
| Dosage | 2 doses, 14 days apart | 2 doses, 28 days apart | 2 doses, 21 days apart | 2 doses, 4-12 weeks apart |
| Cost per dose | 15-30 USD | 32-37 USD | 18.30-19.50 USD | 2-5 USD |
| Storage/Logistic | 2 to 8 °C up to 3 years | Short term storage: 2 to 8 °C up to 30 days Room temperature 8 hours before administration Long term storage: -25 to -15 °C | Short term storage: After thawed: 2 to 8 °C up to 5 days (undiluted) up to 6 hours (diluted) Long term storage: -80 to -60 °C up to 10 days | 2 to 8 °C up to 6 months |
| Phase I, II results (Immunogenicity) | Seroconversion of neutralizing antibodies at day 28 3 mcg: 92% 6 mcg: 98% | For 100 mcg Anti-S-2P geometric mean titer: 782,719 (619,310-989,244) (day 57) Systemic AEs: - overall: fever, fatigue, or chills 100% | For 30 mcg S1-Binding IgG: geometric mean titer (U/ml): - 18-55 years: 9,136 (day 28), 8147 (day 35) - 65-85 years: 7,985 (day 28), 6014 (day 35) Systemic AEs: - fever: 8-17% - fatigue: 42-75% - chills: 17-58% | >99% of 209 boosted participants had neutralizing antibody responses after 14d No serious adverse events |
| Phase III trials | | | | |
| Baseline characterist | ics of participants in phase III tria | als | | |
| Countries and COVID-19 prevalence | *UNOFFICIAL RESULTS Brazil 3.9% Chile 3.4% China 0.007% Indonesia 0.32% Turkey 2.8% | USA 7.3% | USA 7.3% Argentina 3.9% Brazil 3.9% Turkey 2.8% Germany 2.4% South Africa 2.2% (Pooled prevalence: 6.4%) | UK 4.8% Brazil 3.9% |

Department of Clinical Epidemiology and Biostatistics, Faculty of Medicine Ramathibodi Hospital, Mahidol University

page 2 of 6

| Total sample size | 31,020 | 30,420 | 43,548 | 11,636 for Efficacy |
|--------------------|-----------------|---|---|---|
| | | | | 23,784 for Safety |
| Age, year, | 18-60+ | 51.4 (18-95) | 52 (16-91) | 18-55 |
| median (Range) | | | | |
| | | ≥65 years: 24.8% | >55 years: 42.2% | >55 years: 3.8% |
| Ethnicity | - | White 79.2%, Black 10.2%, Asian | White 82.9%, Black 9.4%, Asian | White 82.7%, Black 4.1%, |
| | | 4.6% | 4.3% | Asian 4.4%, |
| Comorbidities data | - | - Chronic lung disease: 4.8% | - Chronic lung disease: 7.8% | - Respiratory disease: 10-13% |
| | | - Cardiac disease: 4.9% | - Cardiac disease: 0.5-1% | - Cardiac disease: 7-12% |
| | | - Severe obesity: 6.7% | - Obesity: 35.1% | |
| | | - Diabetes: 9.5% | - Diabetes: 7.8% | - Diabetes: 1-3% |
| Healthcare workers | 86.2% | 25.4% | (Not reported) | 79.7% |
| | | | | |
| Pregnancy | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Children | 0% | 0% | (100 children aged 12-15 years | 0% |
| | | | were accidentally enrolled) | |
| Median follow-up | 1 yr (Protocol) | 2 months after the 2 nd dose | 2 months after the 2 nd dose | 2 months after the 2 nd dose |
| Comparator | Placebo | Saline | Saline | Meningococcal vaccine/Saline |

Department of Clinical Epidemiology and Biostatistics, Faculty of Medicine Ramathibodi Hospital, Mahidol University

page 3 of 6

| | Vaccine 1 Sinovac | Vaccine 2 Moderna | Vaccine 3 Pfizer | Vaccine 4 Astra/Oxford | | |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------|---|---|--|--|--|
| Validity of phase III | Validity of phase III trials | | | | | |
| Appraisal using User's Guide | No data | Randomized: Yes Concealment: Yes Analysis: Per protocol *Modified intention-to-treat Balanced baseline: Yes Blinding: Patients, clinicians and | Randomized: Yes Concealment: Yes Analysis: Per protocol Modified intention-to-treat Balanced baseline: Yes Blinding: Patients, clinicians and | Randomized: Yes Concealment: Yes Analysis: Per protocol Modified intention-to-treat Balanced baseline: Yes Blinding: Patients | | |
| | | Follow-up complete: Ongoing *Excluded 4.15% and 3.77% in vaccine and placebo groups | assessors Follow-up complete: Yes But 16.1% not assessed for COVID-19 infection ≥ 7 days after second dose | Follow-up complete:On going Protocol violation: half dose | | |
| | | Interim analysis | | Interim analysis: n=11,636/23,848 | | |
| GRADE level of evidence | (No data) | 1B (RCT with important limitations) | 1B (RCTwith important limitations) | 1B (RCT with important limitations) | | |

Department of Clinical Epidemiology and Biostatistics, Faculty of Medicine Ramathibodi Hospital, Mahidol University

page 4 of 6

| | Vaccine 1 Sinovac | Vaccine 2 Moderna | Vaccine 3 Pfizer | Vaccine 4 Astra/Oxford | | | |
|--|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| Result of phase III t | Result of phase III trials | | | | | | |
| Outcome assessment | Symptom diary, periodic nasal swab/serology | Electronic symptom diary | Electronic symptom diary | Periodic nasal swab and phone calls | | | |
| Efficacies in asymptomatic COVID infection | Unofficial report from Brazil, Indonesia, Turkey: Vaccine group: 1.24 - 1.83% Placebo group: 3.48 - 3.63% Efficacy: 49.6% - 64.2% NNT: 41 – 56 18-24/1,000 vaccinated patients | No information | No information | Vaccine group: 0.9% Placebo group: 1.2% Efficacy: 27.3% NNT: 334 3/1,000 vaccinated patients Subgroup LD/SD Vaccine group: 0.6% Placebo group: 1.5% Efficacy: 58.9% NNT: 112 9/1,000 vaccinated patients Subgroup SD/SD Vaccine group: 1% Placebo group: 1% Placebo group: 1% Efficacy: 3.8% NNT: 0 0/1,000 vaccinated patients | | | |
| Efficacies in symptomatic COVID infection | Unofficial report from Brazil, Indonesia, Turkey: Vaccine group: 0.2% Placebo group: 1.2% Efficacy 78.2% NNT 102 10/1,000 vaccinated patients | Per protocol: Vaccine group: 0.08% Placebo group: 1.31% Efficacy 94.1% NNT 84 12/1,000 vaccinated patients modified ITT Vaccine group: 0.13% Placebo group: 1.84% Efficacy 93.0% NNT 59 17/1,000 vaccinated patients | Per protocol: Vaccine group: 0.04% Placebo group: 0.88% Efficacy 95.0% NNT 120 8/1,000 vaccinated patients modified ITT Vaccine group: 0.23% Placebo group: 1.27% Efficacy 81.8% NNT 97 10/1,000 vaccinated patients | Vaccine group: 0.5% Placebo group: 1.7% Efficacy 70.4% NNT 84 12/1,000 vaccinated patients Subgroup LD/SD Vaccine group: 0.2% Placebo group: 2.2% Efficacy 90.0% NNT 50 20/1,000 vaccinated patients | | | |

Version 1.2 Updated on 20/1/2020

Department of Clinical Epidemiology and Biostatistics, Faculty of Medicine Ramathibodi Hospital, Mahidol University

| Efficacies in modera | te to severe COVID disease: | | | Subgroup SD/SD Vaccine group: 0.6% Control group: 1.6% Efficacy 62.1% NNT 100 10/1,000 vaccinated patients |
|---|---|---|--|---|
| Hospital admission rate Patients requiring oxygen therapy rate ICU admission rate Mortality rate | 1. Efficacy 100% Vaccine = 0/6215 = 0.00% Placebo = 13/5979 = 0.21% | Efficacy 100% Vaccine = 0/13934 = 0.00% Placebo = 9/13883 = 0.06% Efficacy 100% Vaccine = 0/13934 = 0.00% Placebo = 28/13883 = 0.02% No information Efficacy 15% Vaccine 6/15184 = 0.039 % Placebo 7/15165 = 0.046 % | Composite of 3/4 Efficacy 74.7% Vaccine group: 1/19,965 (0.005%) Placebo group: 4/20,172 (0.02%) No COVID-19-associated deaths were observed | Efficacy 80% Vaccine group: 2/12,021 Control group: 10/11,724 Efficacy 100% Vaccine group: 0/12,021 Control group: 10/11,724 Efficacy 100% Vaccine group: 0/12,021 (0) Control group: 2/11,724 (.02%) Efficacy 100% Vaccine group: 0/12,021 Control group: 1/11,724 (.009%) |
| Efficacy in sub- population | Pregnant: Not included Children: Not included Elderly: No result | Pregnant: Not included Children: Not included Age: ≥ 65 y: 86.4% (61.4-95.2) | Pregnant: Not includedChildren: Not included by someaccidental enrollmentAge: ≥ 65 y: 94.7% (66.7, 99.9) ≥ 75 y: 100% (-13.1, 100.0) | (No result) |
| Vaccine-related adverse events (AE) | Brazil Both arm (n=7913) 1 st dose 6803 (87.9%) 2 nd dose 2722 (63.1%) | Solicited AEs: Mainly pain. Vaccine vs placebo 1 st dose: 84.2% vs 19.8% 2 nd dose 88.6% vs 18.8% | Solicited AEs Injected site reactions (84.1%), fatigue (62.9%), headache (55.1%), muscle pain (38.3%), chills (31.9%), joint pain (23.6%), fever (14.2%). Serious adverse events: <0.5%. | |

Department of Clinical Epidemiology and Biostatistics, Faculty of Medicine Ramathibodi Hospital, Mahidol University

page 6 of 6

| | Indonesia | Systemic AEs | Vaccine group: | Serious adverse events |
|---------|---|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | Vaccine arm (n=405) | 1 st dose 54.9% vs 42.4% | Shoulder injury related to Vaccine | Vaccine group: 79/12021 |
| | 1 st dose: 245 (60.5%) | 2 nd dose 79.4% vs 36.5% | administration, | (0.65%) |
| | 2 nd dose: 206 (51.9%) | Most common: fatigue, headache, | Right axillary lymphadenopathy, | Control group: 89/11724 |
| | | myalgia, arthralgia, chills, | Paroxysmal ventricular arrhythmia, | (0.76%) |
| | Turkey | nausea/vomiting, and fever. | and | (ARR -0.001) |
| | Systemic AE in vaccine arm | Commonly occurred in younger | Right leg paresthesia | |
| | 1 st dose: 373 (of 603; 61.9%) | than older participants | | Transverse myelitis: one possible |
| | 2 nd dose: 180 (of 1221; 14.7%) | | No deaths | related to vaccine |
| | | Unsolicited adverse events | | |
| | | Overall, 23.9% vs 21.6% | | |
| | | | | |
| Summary | Vaccine efficacy and safety have been reviewed indicating Moderna achieved highest efficacy in symptomatic subjects, follow by | | | |
| | Pfizer; Sinovac, and Astra/Oxford with the relative risk reductions of 93%-94%, 81.8%-95%, 78.2%, and 70.4%, respectively. If we | | | |
| | vaccinate 1000 people with Moderna, Pfizer, Sinovac, and Astra/Oxford, we will be able to protect Covid-19 infections of 12-17, 8-10, | | | |
| | 10, and 12 subjects. Serious events (i.e., ICU admission and death) are very rare, i.e., 0% to 0.039% in all vaccines, and 0% to 0.046% | | | |
| | in controls. These findings are based on Grade IB level of evidences. | | | |

CEB COVID-19 Evidence Team: Pawin Numthavaj, Chuenkamon Charakorn, Kunlawat Thadanipon, Pokket Sirisreetreerux, Sureerat Suwatcharangkoon, Passara Jongkhajornpong, Ronny Isnuwardana, Amarit Tansawet, Tunlanut Sapankaew, Songporn Oranratnachi, Grace Filbertine, Thunyarat Anothaisintawee, Patarawan Woratanarat, Atiporn Ingsathit, and Ammarin Thakkinstian; Department of Clinical Epidemiology and Biostatistics, The Faculty of Medicine, Ramathibodi Hospital, Mahidol University

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