

Interhospital Conference Case 6

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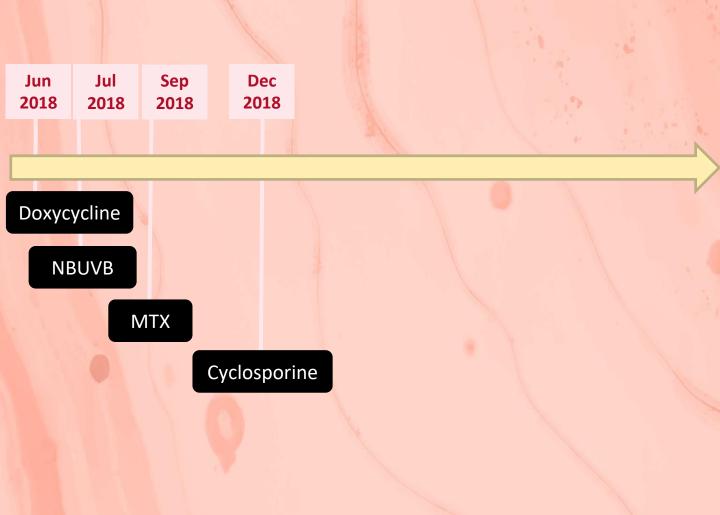


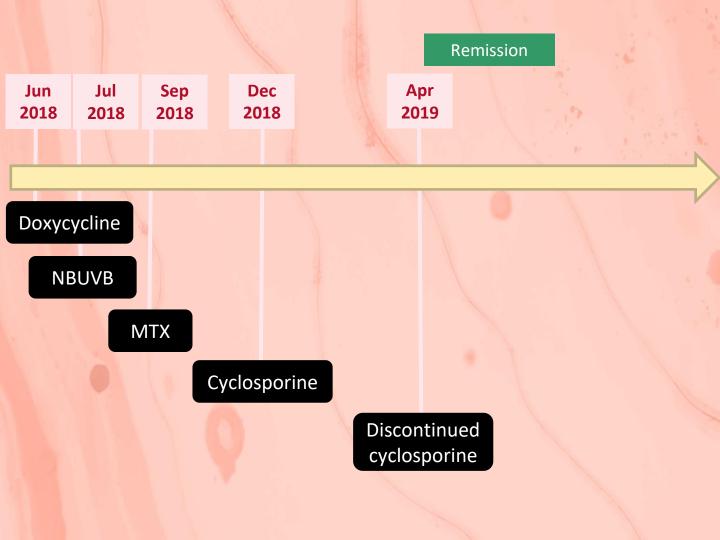


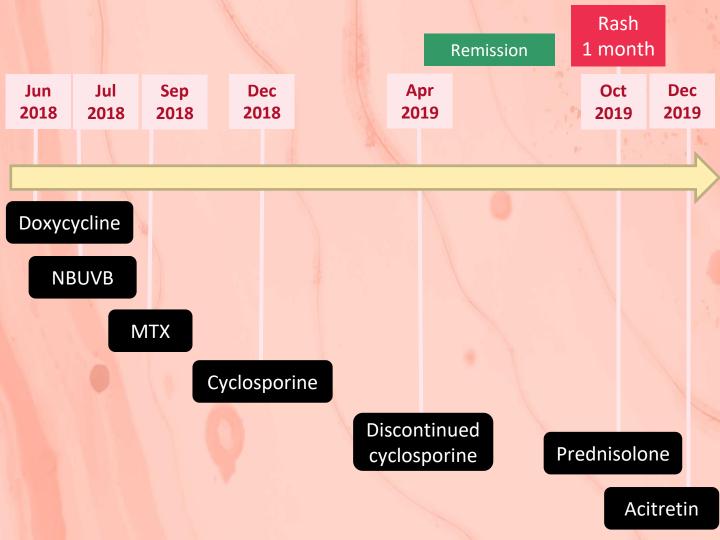
A 22-year-old female



Biopsy-proven pityriasis lichenoides et varioliformis acuta (PLEVA)









Multiple discrete erythematous to brownish papules with crusted lesions and some brownish patches on the trunk and extremities



Physical examination

- Vital signs: normal
- HEENT: no pale conjunctivae, anicteric sclerae
- LN: not palpable
- Lungs:
- Heart:
- Abdomen:
- Neurologic: grossly intact



Problem list

Recurrent crusted papular lesions on the trunk and extremities



Differential diagnosis

PLEVA



Differential diagnosis

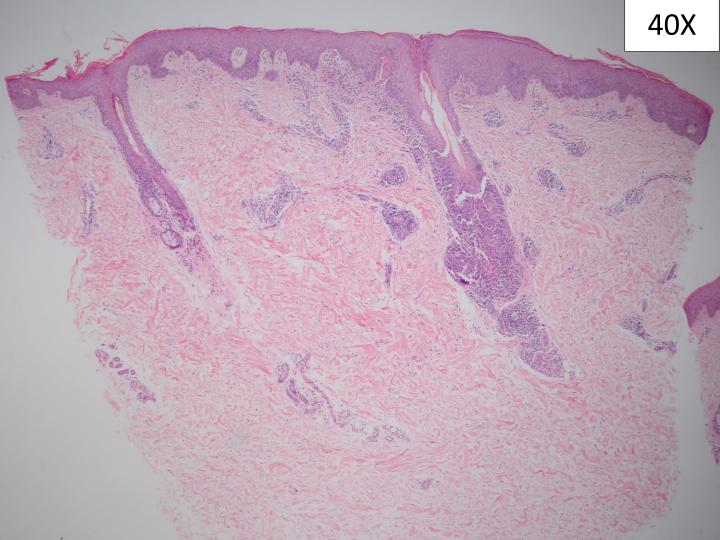
- PLEVA
- Lymphomatoid papulosis (LyP)

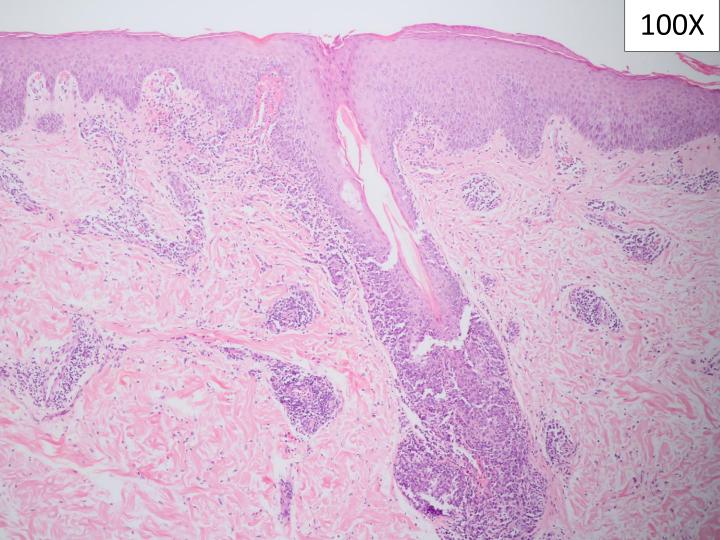


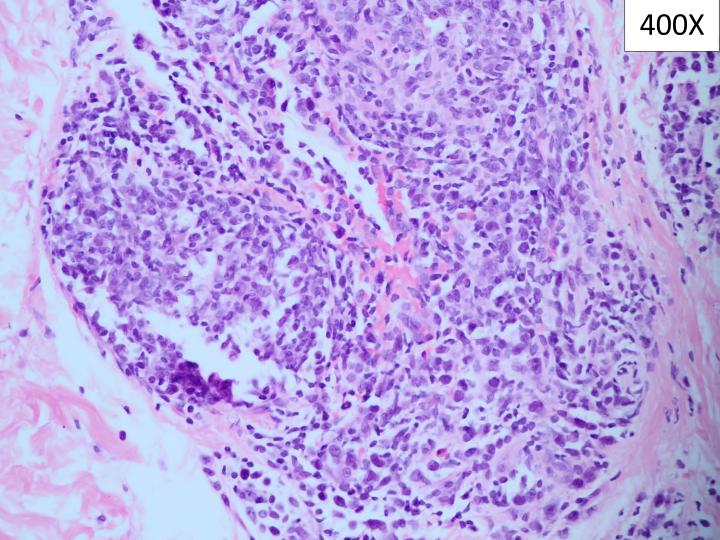
Differential diagnosis

- PLEVA
- Lymphomatoid papulosis (LyP)
- Mycosis fungoides (MF)
 - -Papular variant
 - -Folliculotropic variant

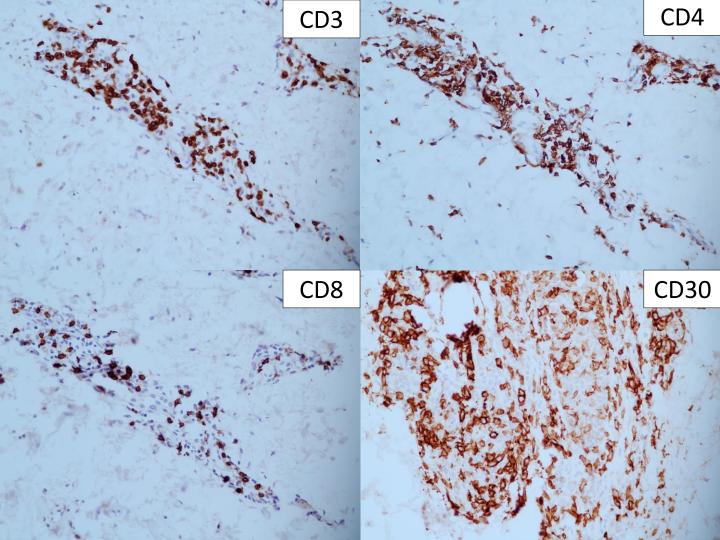




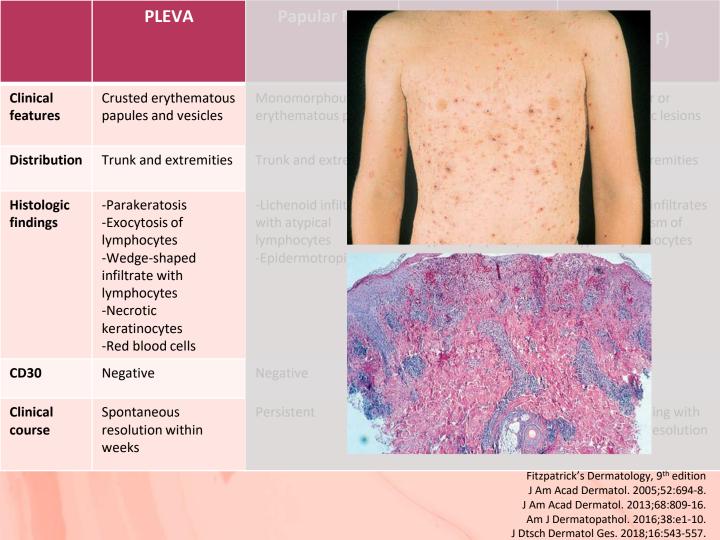


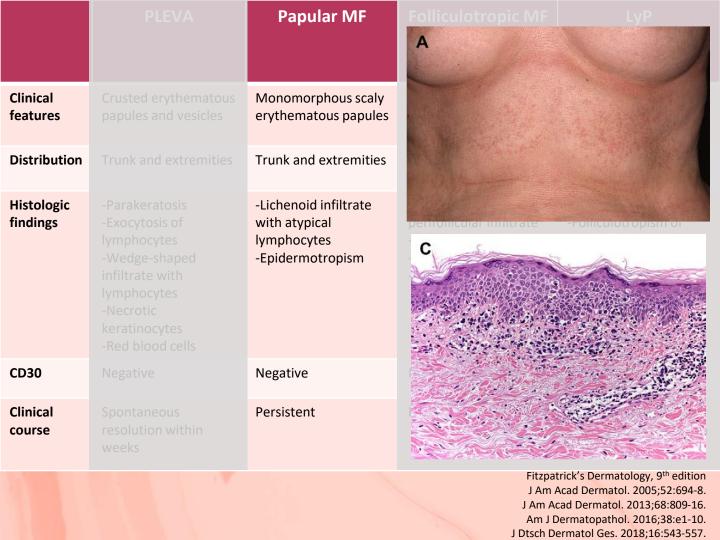


Immunohistochemistry

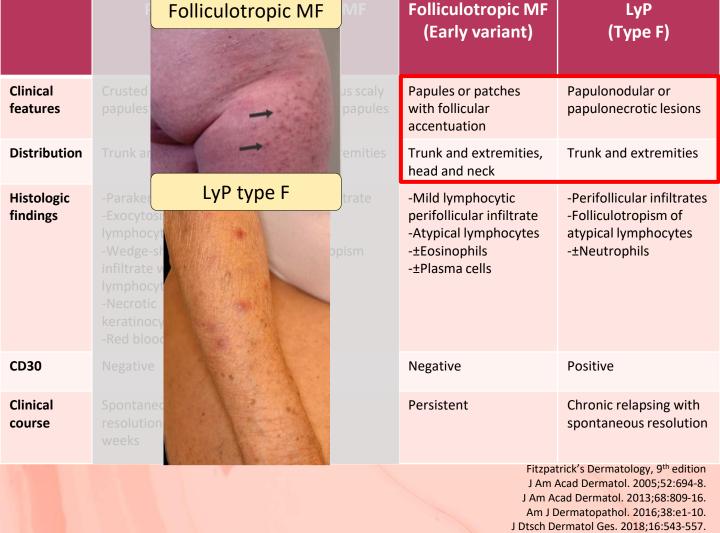


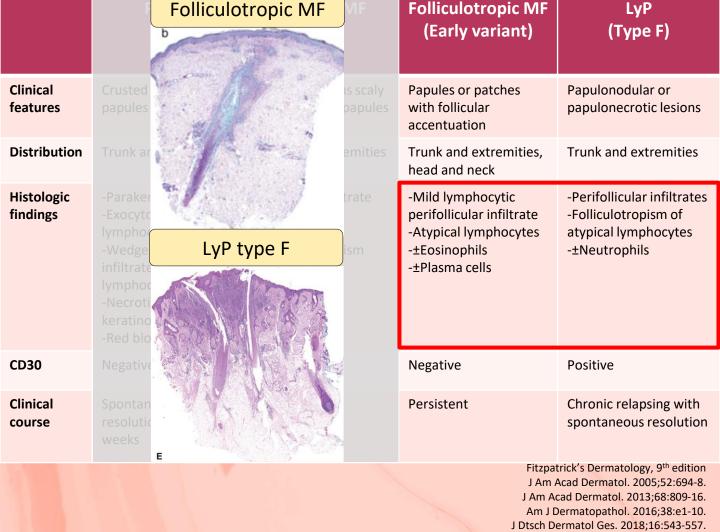
| | PLEVA | Papular MF | Folliculotropic MF (Early variant) | LyP (Type F) | |
|---|--|---|--|--|--|
| Clinical features | Crusted erythematous papules and vesicles | Monomorphous scaly erythematous papules | Papules or patches with follicular accentuation | Papulonodular or papulonecrotic lesions | |
| Distribution | Trunk and extremities | Trunk and extremities | Trunk and extremities, head and neck | Trunk and extremities | |
| Histologic findings | -Parakeratosis -Exocytosis of lymphocytes -Wedge-shaped infiltrate with lymphocytes -Necrotic keratinocytes -Red blood cells | -Lichenoid infiltrate with atypical lymphocytes -Epidermotropism | -Mild lymphocytic perifollicular infiltrate -Atypical lymphocytes -±Eosinophils -±Plasma cells | -Perifollicular infiltrates -Folliculotropism of atypical lymphocytes -±Neutrophils | |
| CD30 | Negative | Negative | Negative | Positive | |
| Clinical course | Spontaneous resolution within weeks | Persistent | Persistent | Chronic relapsing with spontaneous resolution | |
| Fitzpatrick's Dermatology, 9 th edition J Am Acad Dermatol. 2005;52:694-8. J Am Acad Dermatol. 2013;68:809-16. Am J Dermatopathol. 2016;38:e1-10. J Dtsch Dermatol Ges. 2018;16:543-557. | | | | | |





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Lymphomatoid papulosis Type F



Investigation

- CBC
 - -Hb 12.8 g/dL, Hct 38.6%,
 - -Plt 224,000/cumm,
 - -WBC 5,110/cumm, N 43%, L 48%, M 5%, E 3%, B 1%
- Liver/renal function: WNL



Management

- Acitretin (10) 1 tab PO BID
- 0.25% desoximetasone cream AP BID
- Plan to start PUVA

Lymphomatoid papulosis (LyP)



Small to medium

Small to medium

Medium to large

Large

Medium

Bolognia's Dermatoloy, 4th edition

J Eur Acad Dermatol Venereol. 2020;34:59-73.

| | | | | | DERMATOLOGY | |
|-------------|-----|-----|------|-------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| LyP type | CD4 | CD8 | CD30 | Histopathology | Lymphocyte morphology | |
| Α | + | - | + | Wedge-shaped infiltrate | Large | |

Epidermotropic infiltrate

Nodular cohesive infiltrate

Epidermotropic infiltrate

Angioinvasive infiltrate

folliculotropism

lymphocytes

Perifollicular infiltrate and

Epidermotropism by small to medium atypical

Medium to large blast cell in the dermis

+/-

+

+

+

+

В

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D

E

F

DUSP22-

IRF4

+

+

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+

+

+/-



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|-----|-----|-----|------|----------------|-------------|
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Small to medium

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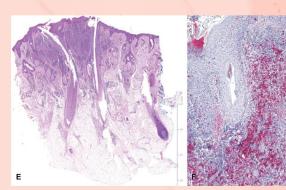
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Follicular lymphomatoid papulosis revisited: A study of 11 cases, with new histopathological findings

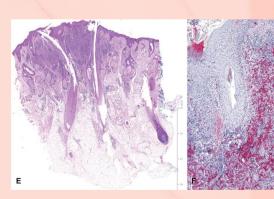
- Perifollicular infiltrate of CD30+ medium to large atypical lymphoid cells
- Variable degree of folliculotropism
- Less common features
 - -Follicular epithelial hyperplasia
 - -Ruptured hair follicle
 - -Neutrophils in the follicle





Follicular lymphomatoid papulosis revisited: A study of 11 cases, with new histopathological findings

- Perifollicular infiltrate of CD30+ medium to large atypical lymphoid cells
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- Less common features
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LyP & PLEVA

Controversial relationship

Artifact of sampling of LyP lesions at various stages

VS.

Biologically related disorders



Prognosis

- LyP lasts for months to years
- Self-healing
- 10-year survival rate nearly 100%
- 20% of patients may develop a second lymphoid neoplasm
 - Mycosis fungoides
 - -Anaplastic large-cell lymphoma
 - -Hodgkin lymphoma



Treatment

Few lesions

- Observation
- Topical/intralesional corticosteroids



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Widespread or recurrent scarring lesions

- NBUVB/PUVA
- Low dose MTX (5-10 mg/week)



Treatment

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- Observation
- Topical/intralesional corticosteroids

Widespread or recurrent scarring lesions

- NBUVB/PUVA
- Low dose MTX (5-10 mg/week)

Long-term follow-up

New tumors, larger or persistent lesions or/and B symptoms

Rule out a second malignancy

Bolognia's Dermatology, 4th edition J Eur Acad Dermatol Venereol. 2020;34:59-73.



Case summary

- 22-year-old female
- Recurrent crusted papules for 1.5 years
- Diagnosis: LyP type F
- Treatment
 - -Acitretin 20 mg/day
 - -Topical corticosteroids
 - -Plan for PUVA
 - -Long-term follow-up





Take home messages

Lymphomatoid papulosis

Should be suspected in recalcitrant PLEVA

Long-term follow-up is necessary